Williams Charter Township Bay County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

Williams Charter Township Bay County, Michigan

December 31, 2007

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Thomas Paige	Supervisor
Connie Hoverman	Treasurer
Amy Charney	Clerk
Paul Wasek	Trustee
James Plant	Trustee
Tom Putt	Trustee
Jerry Schrott	Trustee

TABLE OF CONTENTS

December 31, 2007

	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	i-ii
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	iii-vii
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	1 2
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	3-4 5 6-7 8 9 10 11
Notes to Financial Statements	13-23
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	24-26
Garbage Collection Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	27
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Construction Code	28
Schedule of Governmental Capital Assets	29-31

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Township Board Williams Charter Township Auburn, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each governmental major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williams Charter Township, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which with the financial statements of the business-type activities and proprietary major funds collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Williams Charter Township's business-type activities or proprietary funds. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for business-type activities and proprietary funds, is based on the report of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williams Charter Township, Michigan as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where, applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the Table of Contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Williams Charter Township's basic financial statements. The General Fund schedule of revenues and expenditures - construction code and schedule of governmental capital assets listed in the Table of Contents under other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Williams Charter Township, Michigan. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

alraham & Golbrey, P.C.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

May 16, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2007

Financial Reporting

The discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this analysis, the following represents the most significant financial issues for the year ended December 31, 2007:

- State shared revenue, the Township's second largest revenue source in the General Fund, essentially remained level at \$310,325 in 2007. This amount is \$59,658 less than was received in 2001. According to the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics, the purchasing power of \$310,325 in 2007 is the same as \$265,062 in 2001 dollars. Therefore even though decreases previously seen in state shared revenues have leveled off, the purchasing power of these dollars is substantially reduced. Previous decreases in this major source of revenue appears to have leveled off as the State of Michigan tackled the State's structural budget deficiencies by replacing the old Single Business Tax with the Michigan Business Tax and increasing the State's Income Tax rate.
- The Township continues the practice of appropriating funding from the township's 4.4 mill tax levy toward public safety, local road improvement projects, and waterline extension projects. These appropriations included \$275,000 to fund local road improvement projects and \$175,000 to fund improving and extending the township's municipal waterline system.
- Total fund balances related to the Township's governmental funds increased by \$69,962. Included in the total increase in governmental fund balance is the decrease in General Fund fund balance of \$106,930.
- The decrease in General Fund fund balance is due to the Township's decision to fully fund road improvement projects as programmed in the township's five year Road Improvement Plan. The Township expended \$274,901 for Special Road Projects in 2007, about the same amount as in 2006, and an increase of \$125,622 over 2005 expenditures. The Township Board has decreased the amount appropriated for Special Road Projects in 2008 to preserve a responsible fund balance.

Using this Annual Report

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Williams Charter Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of Williams Charter Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2007

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations of Williams Charter Township in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which Williams Charter Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Williams Charter Township maintains five (5) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Garbage Collection Fund, Sewer Connection Fund, and Waterline Construction Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the Building and Site Fund is reported as the nonmajor governmental fund.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Garbage Collection Fund to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds. Williams Charter Township maintains two (2) proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses Enterprise Funds to account for its sewer system and water system activity.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-23 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, such as this MD&A and the General Fund and Garbage Collection Fund budgetary comparison schedules.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2007

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, a comparative analysis of the net assets as of December 31, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

	Government Activities		Business Activit		Total Government		
	<u> 2007</u>	<u>2007</u> <u>2006</u>		<u>2006</u>	<u> 2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	
Assets							
Current and Other							
Assets	\$ 2,754,264	\$ 2,711,171	\$ 1,438,562	\$ 1,312,343	\$ 4,192,826	\$ 4,023,514	
Capital Assets	<u>1,904,875</u>	<u>1,987,820</u>	<u>4,855,900</u>	<u>5,078,680</u>	<u>6,760,775</u>	<u>7,066,500</u>	
Total Assets	4,659,139	4,698,991	6,294,462	6,391,023	10,953,601	11,090,014	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities	1,276,396	1,310,846	551,988	413,907	1,828,384	1,724,753	
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>269,735</u>	300,528	<u>583,319</u>	943,787	<u>853,054</u>	<u>1,244,315</u>	
Total Liabilities	1,546,131	1,611,374	1,135,307	1,357,694	2,681,438	2,969,068	
Net Assets Invested capital assets, net of							
related debt	1,604,347	1,604,517	3,937,110	3,809,660	5,541,457	5,414,177	
Restricted	-	-	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	
Unrestricted	<u> 1,508,661</u>	<u>1,483,100</u>	<u>1,200,045</u>	<u>1,201,669</u>	<u>2,708,706</u>	<u>2,684,769</u>	
Total Net Assets	<u>\$3,113,008</u>	<u>\$3,087,617</u>	<u>\$ 5,159,155</u>	\$ 5,033,329	<u>\$ 8,272,163</u>	<u>\$_8,120,946</u>	

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Williams Charter Township's assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,272,163 as of December 31, 2007. The most significant portion of the Township's net assets (over 66 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Township used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Township's net assets (less than 1 percent) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$2,708,706 may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The Township's net assets increased by \$151,217 during the current year as indicated on the following page.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2007

		Governmental Activities			Busine: Activ		Totals		
		<u>2007</u>		2006		2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenue									
Program Revenue									
Charges for Service	\$	603,693	\$	748,900	\$	902,138	\$ 853,774	\$1,505,831	\$1,602,674
Operating grants &									
contributions		3,890		-		-	-	3,890	-0-
Capital grants & contributions		-		13,584		-	-	-	13,584
General Revenue									
Property Taxes		785,395		766,275		-	-	785,395	766,275
State Shared Revenue		310,325		309,208		-	-	310,325	309,208
Investment Eamings		114,414		118,221		62,389	57,187	176,803	175,408
Miscellaneous		4,754		20,001		-	-	4,754	20,001
Transfers	_{	139,013)	_(<u>158,371</u>)	_	139,013	<u>158,371</u>		
Total Revenue		1,683,558		1,817,818	1	1,103,540	1,069,332	2,786,998	2,887,150
Program Expenses									
General Government		482,894		484,695		-	-	482,894	484,695
Public Safety		399,026		394,498		-	-	399,026	394,498
Public Works		647,322		708,453		-	-	647,322	708,453
Community & Economic Dev.		71,297		75,196		-	-	71,297	75,196
Recreation & Culture		39,825		40,034		-	-	39,825	40,034
Sewer System		-		-		326,787	356,558	326,787	356,558
Water System		-		-		650,927	579,467	650,927	579,467
Interest on Long Term Debt	_	17,703	_	19,930	_	<u>-</u>		<u> 17,703</u>	19,930
Total Program Expenses	_	1,658,06 <u>7</u>	_	1,722,806	_	677,714	936,025	2,635,781	2,658,831
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	25,391	\$	95,012	\$	125,826	<u>\$ 133,307</u>	<u>\$ 151,217</u>	\$ 228,319

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Township's net assets by \$25,391 during fiscal year 2007. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

The Township's governmental activities' revenues totaled \$1,683,558. When compared to the previous year, Township's total revenue for governmental activities decreased \$134,260. This decrease was primarily related to the decrease in building permits and Planning Commission fees within the Township.

The Township incurred expenses of \$1,658,067 during 2007, a decrease of approximately 4% from 2006. The majority of these expenses are associated with providing general government services, public safety, and public works including road improvement projects. The cost of road improvement projects continues to increase tremendously due to increased material costs.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the Township's net assets by \$125,826 during fiscal year 2007. The majority of the revenue of the business-type activities is generated through user charges.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2007

The Township's Funds

Governmental Funds. The analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 3, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not Williams Charter Township as a whole. Williams Charter Township's Board of Trustees creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes. The Township's major governmental fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, was the General Fund. The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services. The most significant service provided during the fiscal year was for public safety, which incurred expenditures of \$399,026 for the fiscal year. Public Safety services include the Township's share of the Auburn Williams Fire Department and two contracted deputies through the Bay County Sheriff Department that are supported entirely from the General Fund with no additional special millage.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Sewer System and the Water System at the end of the year amounted to \$460,193 and \$739,852, respectively. The Township Board continues to improve and expand the Water System as initially set forth for a period of 20 years in 1988. 2008 is the final year remaining under this Water System expansion and improvement program.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, the Township Board made necessary budget adjustments to fund unanticipated expenditures during the year. Budget amendment increases were made to cover unanticipated costs in the General Fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had approximately \$6,760,775 invested in a broad range of governmental and business-type capital assets, including buildings, land, equipment, and utilities. In addition, the Township has made certain investments in roads and drains within Williams Charter Township. These assets are not reported in Williams Charter Township's financial statements as capital assets because under Michigan law these roads and drains are the property of the Bay County Road and Drain Commissions, respectively.

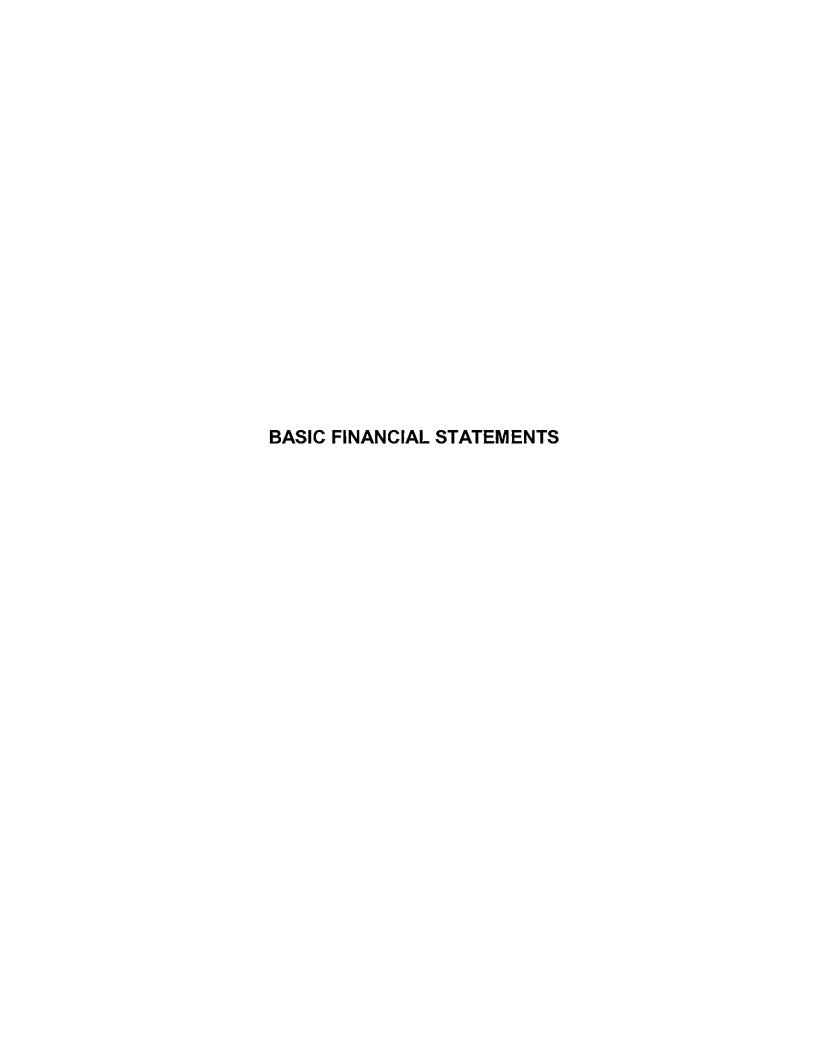
Long-term Debt. The Township incurred additional long-term debt during 2007 in the amount of \$267,610 for road improvement projects.

Current Economic Factors

Previous decreases in Revenue Sharing appear to have leveled off as the State of Michigan tackled the State's structural budget deficiencies by replacing the old Single Business Tax with the Michigan Business Tax and increasing the State's Income Tax rate. However, the state's sales tax revenues, the source for constitutional Revenue Sharing, continue to lag behind projections due to the current economic climate in Michigan and could further reduce Revenue Sharing payments to the township. Should constitutional Revenue Sharing be reduced further, Williams Charter Township would experience a loss of revenue which would necessitate a corresponding reduction of services or increase in local taxes to offset reductions in Revenue Sharing.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township Clerk at the Township Hall.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,652,160	\$ 1,329,437	\$ 2,981,597
Restricted cash	10,319	-	10,319
Receivables	965,262	102,130	1,067,392
Due from other governmental units	107,937	-	107,937
Prepaids	18,586	6,995	25,581_
Total current assets	2,754,264	1,438,562	4,192,826
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated	120,071	1,232	121,303
Capital assets, net	1,784,804	4,854,668	6,639,472
Total noncurrent assets	1,904,875	4,855,900	6,760,775
TOTAL ASSETS	4,659,139	6,294,462	10,953,601
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	37,177	194,571	231,748
Accrued liabilities	3,281	394	3,675
Accrued interest payable	12,603	6,726	19,329
Deposits payable	10,804	-	10,804
Deferred revenue	1,136,149	-	1,136,149
Current portion of compensated absences	-	3,233	3,233
Current portion of long-term debt	76,382	347,064	423,446
Total current liabilities	1,276,396	551,988	1,828,384
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences	-	18,319	18,319
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	269,735	565,000	834,735
Total noncurrent liabilities	269,735	<u>58</u> 3,319	853,054
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,546,131	1,135,307	2,681,438
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,604,347	3,937,110	5,541,457
Restricted	-	22,000	22,000
Unrestricted	1,508,661	1,200,045	2,708,706
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,113,008	\$ 5,159,155	\$ 8,272,163

Williams Charter Township

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2007

				Program Revenues	Revenues	ž	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	and Is	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities: General government	69	482,894	69	119,576	,	\$ (363,318)	€	98)	363,318)
Public safety	,	399,026		5,915	•	(393,111)		(39	393,111)
Public works		647,322		424,397	•	(222,925)	•	(22	222,925)
Community and economic development		71,297		51,255	•	(20'042)	1	(2)	(20,042)
Recreation and cultural Interest on long-term debt		39,825 17,703		2,550	3,890	(33,385) (17,703)		© ₽	(33,385) (17,703)
Total governmental activities		1,658,067		603,693	3,890	(1,050,484)	o,	(1,05	(1,050,484)
Business-type activities: Sewer system		326,787		332,004		,	5,217		5,217
Water system		650,927		570,134			(80,793)	(8	(80,793)
Total business-type activities		977,714		902,138	0-	0	(75,576)	(7	(75,576)
Total government	ક્ક	2,635,781	ક્ક	1,505,831	\$ 3,890	(1,050,484)	(75,576)	(1,12	(1,126,060)
	Gener	General revenues: Property taxes				785,395		78	785,395
	State	State shared revenues	sanı			310,325	•	31	310,325
	Inve	Investment earnings	2			114,414	62,389	17	176,803
	Miscella Transfers	Miscellaneous ansfers				4,754 (139,013)	139,013		4,754 -0-
	⊢	Total general revenues and transfers	venues	and transfers		1,075,875	201,402	1,27	1,277,277
	0	Change in net assets	ssets			25,391	125,826	15	151,217
	Net as	Net assets, beginning of the year	g of the	year		3,087,617	5,033,329	8,12	8,120,946
	Net as	Net assets, end of the year	е уеаг			\$ 3,113,008	\$ 5,159,155	\$ 8,27	8,272,163

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2007

				Special Revenue		Debt
100570	<u>General</u>		Garbage			Sewer
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables Accounts Taxes Special asssessments Due from other governmental units Prepaids	\$	603,682 10,319 10,883 695,779 - 107,036 18,586	\$	101,701 - 179,227 - - -	\$	540,800 - 8,667 - 4,880 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,446,285	\$	280,928	\$	554,347
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	17,660	\$	18,254	\$	
Accrued payroll Deposits payable Deferred revenue	Ψ 	3,096 10,804 832,596	Ψ ——	223,330		6,450
TOTAL LIABILITIES		864,156		241,584		6,450
FUND BALANCES Designated for debt service Undesignated, reported in:		-		-		547,897
General fund Special revenue funds		582,129 -		39,344		<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		582,129		39,344		547,897
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	_\$_	1,446,285	\$	280,928	_\$_	554,347

;	Service								
			onmajor	Total					
	Vaterline	Gov	ernmental	Governmental					
_Co	nstruction		Fund	Funds					
		•	40.040	•	4 050 400				
\$	393,328	\$	12,649	\$	1,652,160				
	-		-		10,319				
	5,778		_		204,555				
	-		_		695,779				
	60,048		_		64,928				
	-		901		107,937				
	_		· -		18,586				
					,				
\$	459,154	_\$	13,550	\$	2,754,264				
\$	_	\$	1,263	\$	37,177				
	-		185		3,281				
	~		-		10,804				
	73,773				1,136,149				
	73,773		1,448		1,187,411				
	385,381		_		933,278				
	,								
	-		-		582,129				
			12 <u>,</u> 102		51,446				
	205 204		10 100		1 566 053				
	385,381		12,102		1,566,853				
\$	459,154	\$_	13,550	\$	2,754,264				
- 100,101									

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 1,566,853

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$ 2,753,127
Accumulated depreciation is \$ (848,252)

Capital assets, net 1,904,875

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Installment agreements 346,117
Accrued interest payable 12,603

(358,720)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 3,113,008

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Special Revenue	Debt
	General	Garbage Collection	Sewer Connection
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest and rents Other	\$ 868,066 95,502 310,325 19,768 71,156 22,325	\$ - - 217,977 5,636 211	\$ - - 41,111 32,471
TOTAL REVENUES	1,387,142	223,824	73,582
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Public works Community and economic development Recreation and cultural Other Debt service Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	298,390 399,026 349,875 31,512 33,054 168,438 274,901 21,486 1,576,682	219,040 - - - - - - 219,040 4,784	0-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Installment agreement Transfers in Transfers out	267,610 - (185,000)	- - -	- - (79,088)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	82,610		(79,088)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(106,930)	4,784	(5,506)
Fund balances, beginning of year	689,059	34,560	553,403
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 582,129	\$ 39,344	\$ 547,897

Service			Total				
187-4	Nonma		0	Total			
Waterline	Governm			ernmental			
Construction	Fund			Funds			
œ.	œ		Ф	000 000			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	868,066			
-		-		95,502			
				310,325			
99,717		,549		380,122			
16,308	20	,348		145,919			
		<u> </u>		22,536			
116,025	21	,897		1,822,470			
_	32	,135		330,525			
-	O.L.	, 100		399,026			
_		_		568,915			
_		_		31,512			
_		_		33,054			
_		_		168,438			
47,598		_		322,499			
5,650		_		27,136			
		<u> </u>		21,100			
53,248	32	,135_		1,881,105			
62,777	(10	,238)		(58,635)			
_		_		267,610			
175,000	10	,000		185,000			
(59,925)		,000		(324,013)			
(00,020)				(02 1,010)			
115,075	10	,000_		128,597			
177,852		(238)		69,962			
207,529	12	,340		1,496,891			
\$ 385,381	\$ 12	,102	\$	1,566,853			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 69,962

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

In the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Depreciation (82,945)

Repayment of long-term debt and borrowing of long-term debt is reported as expenditures and other financing sources in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities and the borrowings increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Additional installment agreement (267,610)
Principal retirement on installment purchase agreements 304,796

37,186

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Decrease in accrued interest payable

1,188

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 25,391

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

					Р	Total roprietary
400570		Sewer		Water		Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets	\$	420 452	\$	009 095	æ	1,329,437
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable - net of allowance	Φ	420,452 35,613	Φ	908,985 55,641	\$	91,254
Interest receivable		4,023		6,853		10,876
Prepaids		2,199		4,796		6,995
Prepaids		2,199		4,790		0,995
Total current assets		462,287		976,275		1,438,562
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets not being depreciated		_		1,232		1,232
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2	2,781,366		2,073,302		4,854,668
•						
Total noncurrent assets	2	2,781,366		2,074,534		4,855,900
TOTAL ASSETS	3	3,243,653		3,050,809		6,294,462
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		1,979		192,592		194,571
Accrued payroll		115		279		394
Accrued interest payable		2,279		4,447		6,726
Current portion of compensated absences				3,233		3,233
Current portion of long-term debt		252,064		95,000		347,064
Total current liabilities		256,437		295,551		551,988
Nilona o mand Park 1940 an						
Noncurrent liabilities				18,319		18,319
Compensated absences Noncurrent portion of long-term debt		-		565,000		565,000
Noncurrent portion or long-term dest				303,000		303,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		-0-		583,319		583,319
TOTAL LIABILITIES		256,437		878,870		1,135,307
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2	2,527,023		1,410,087		3,937,110
Restricted	•	-,,		22,000		22,000
Unrestricted		460,193		739,852		1,200,045
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 2	2,987,216	\$	2,171,939	\$	5,159,155

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Sewer	Water	Pı	Total oprietary Funds
Gross service charges Water costs	\$	322,642	\$ 554,689 (305,584)	\$	877,331 (305,584)
GROSS PROFIT		322,642	249,105		571,747
OPERATING REVENUES Service connections Charges, fees, etc.		9,362	14,845 600		14,845 9,962
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		9,362	15,445		24,807
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services Utilities Regional charges Operations and maintenance Administration Fiscal and other charges Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		28,132 2,133 146,966 8,545 7,376 640 114,479 308,271 23,733	 111,782 11,075 - 37,647 28,186 10,739 108,301 307,730 (43,180)		139,914 13,208 146,966 46,192 35,562 11,379 222,780 616,001
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue Interest expense		21,428 (18,516)	 40,961 (37,613)		62,389 (56,129)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		2,912	3,348		6,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		79,088	59,925		139,013_
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		105,733	20,093		125,826
Net assets, beginning of year	2	2,881,483	 2,151,846		5,033,329
Net assets, end of year	\$ 2	2,987,216	\$ 2,171,939	\$	5,159,155

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Sewer	Water	Pr	Total oprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees for services Other operating income	\$ 335,805 (164,931) (28,070) 9,362	\$ 565,144 (261,543) (115,751) 15,445	\$	900,949 (426,474) (143,821) 24,807
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	152,166	203,295		355,461
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(00.705)	(20.500)		(50.005)
Interest paid Transfers in Payments of borrowing	(20,795) 79,088 (252,064)	(38,500) 59,925 (95,000)		(59,295) 139,013 (347,064)
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(193,771)	(73,575)		(267,346)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest revenue	 21,334	40,725		62,059
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING YEAR	(20,271)	170,445		150,174
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 440,723	 738,540		1,179,263
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 420,452	\$ 908,985		1,329,437
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	23,733	(43,180)		(19,447)
Depreciation	114,479	108,301		222,780
Decrease in receivables	13,163	10,455		23,618
Decrease in prepaids Increase in accounts payable	357	310 131,378		667 131,378
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	 434	(3,969)		(3,535)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 152,166	\$ 203,295	_\$_	355,461

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

	Current Tax Collections
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,352
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental units	\$ 9,352

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Williams Charter Township, Michigan was organized as a Township under provisions of the constitution and general law of the State of Michigan. The Township was organized in 1855 and covers an area of approximately 34.5 square miles. The Township operates under an elected Board of Officials (7 members) and provides a variety of services to its approximately 4,500 residents, including law enforcement, community enrichment and development, and human services.

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (as amended by GASB Statement 39); and *Statement on Michigan Governmental Accounting and Auditing No. 5*, these financial statements present the financial activities of Williams Charter Township (primary government). The Township has no activities that would be classified as component units.

The inclusion of the activities of various agencies is based on the manifestation of oversight criteria, relying on such guidelines as the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to exert significant influence on operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters. The accountability for fiscal matters considers the possession of the budgetary authority, the responsibility for surplus or deficit, the controlling of fiscal management, and the revenue characteristics, whether a levy or a charge. Consideration is also given to the scope of public service. The scope of public service considers whether the activity is for the benefit of the reporting entity and/or its residents and is within the geographic boundaries of the reporting entity and generally available to its citizens.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of Williams Charter Township contain all the funds controlled by the Township Board.

These statements also include the water and sewer systems managed by the Bay County Department of Water and Sewer on behalf of the Township. GASB Statement No. 34 requires this activity to be reported in the Township's annual financial statements. The Township has sole authority to set rates and is financially responsible for the integrity of the system. The financial statements reflect the financial position and result of the operations for the calendar year 2007.

2. Jointly Governed Organizations

Williams Charter Township and the City of Auburn jointly govern the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District. The funding formula requires that Williams Township provide 70% and the City of Auburn provide 30% of the operational and building costs. The Auburn-Williams Fire District has title to all property, plant and equipment. All of the financial operations of the Fire Protection District are recorded in the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District.

The Township's appropriation to the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District for the year ending December 31, 2007 was \$143,500.

3. Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (the government-wide statements) present information for the primary government as a whole. All nonfiduciary activities of the primary government are included (i.e., fiduciary fund activities are not included in the government-wide statements). For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Basis of Presentation - continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Township's individual major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The major funds of the Township are:

- a. The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Garbage Collection Fund is a special revenue fund that is used to record the activity of the Township's garbage collection activities.
- c. The Sewer Connection Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulated resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs for the sewer system.
- d. The Waterline Construction Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulated resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs for the waterline construction.
- e. The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of providing sewer services to the public. These activities are managed by the Bay County Department of Water and Sewer on behalf of the Township.
- f. The Water Fund accounts for the activities of providing water services to the public. These activities are managed by the Bay County Department of Water and Sewer on behalf of the Township.

4. Measurement Focus

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

There is no measurement focus for Agency Funds since assets equal liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

5. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is 60 days. Revenues which are considered measurable, but not available, are recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue. Revenues are generally considered available when they are received in cash (unless legally restricted to some future period) or when earned and expected to be collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Most licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenue sources generally are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are not measurable until actually received.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

The proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned, and the expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The General and major Special Revenue Fund budgets shown as required supplementary information was prepared on a basis not substantially different than the basis used to reflect actual results.

The Township employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September 1, the Supervisor submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1 to the Township Board. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budgets are legally adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and the fund level for the Special Revenue Funds.
- b. Two public hearings are conducted at township board meetings prior to the October 31 budget adoption to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - continued

- c. Prior to November 1, the budget is adopted through passage of a Board resolution pursuant to the uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, or in excess of the amount appropriated. Any expenditure in violation of the budgeting act is disclosed as an unfavorable variance on the statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - general and special revenue funds.
- d. The Supervisor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, the Township Board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control devise during the year.
- f. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking, savings, and money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days from the date of purchase. The cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

8. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from various individuals and businesses related to charges for services, amounts owed to the Township from special assessments, and taxes levied that have not been collected.

9. Property Tax

Williams Charter Township bills and collects its own property taxes and the tax levy for other governmental units. The Township's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are as follows:

Property taxes are levied twice per year. A summer tax is levied on July 1, and a winter tax is levied on December 1. The tax levies are due September 15 and February 29, respectively. All taxes not paid by their due dates are deemed delinquent. Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the Bay County Treasurer on March 1 of the year following the levy. The Bay County Treasurer remits payment to all taxing units on all delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Township for subsequent collection.

The Township's property tax is levied each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the Township as of the preceding December 31. Although the Township's 2007 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2007, it is the Township's policy to recognize revenues from the current tax levy in the subsequent year when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and made available for the financing of Township operations.

The Township is permitted to levy up to \$4.6136 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation for general governmental service and additional amounts for special and debt services. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Township levied 4.400 mills for general governmental services. The total taxable value for the 2006 levy for the property within the Township was \$175,237,769.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

10. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, and water and sewer lines and are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental and business-type activities columns. Capital assets are those with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	15 years
Buildings and improvements	15 - 40 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 7 years
Water and sewer lines	40 - 50 years

11. Accrued Interest Payable

Accrued interest is presented for long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements.

12. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of property taxes for which there is an enforceable claim as of December 31, 2007, but which are levied to finance year 2008 operations. Governmental funds report deferred revenues in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. Government-wide and proprietary financial statements report deferred revenues that are unavailable to liquidate liabilities at the current period.

13. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as noncurrent.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

14. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations the Township has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

14. Interfund Transactions - continued

The General Fund records administrative charges to various funds as revenue. All funds record these payments as operating expenditures/expenses.

15. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in all funds in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Township is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of this State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under Section 6 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.146.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) regulations provide that deposits of governmental units are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000 for deposits in an insured bank for savings deposits, and \$100,000 for demand deposits. Furthermore, if specific deposits are regulated by statute or bond indenture, these specific deposits are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000. Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the federal loan mortgage corporation, federal national mortgage association or government national mortgage association.

Deposits

There is a custodial credit risk as it related to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2007, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$1,671,731 and the bank balance was \$1,932,133.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits - continued

Deposits of the Township are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Township. As of December 31, 2007, the Township accounts were insured by the FDIC for \$1,003,814 and the amount of \$928,319 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of the uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in certain types of investments to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). As of December 31, 2007, the Township did not have any investments that would be subject to rating.

Interest Rate Risk

The Township will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Township's cash requirements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Township will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the types of securities authorized by the Board and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Township will do business in accordance with Board approved policy.

The cash caption on the basic financial statements includes \$100 in imprest cash and \$1,329,437 in cash that is on deposit with the Bay County Water and Sewer Department. The cash on deposit with the Bay County Water and Sewer Department is part of the Bay County Water and Sewer Department pooled cash and investments. As a result, the insured and uninsured amounts related to the Township cannot be determined.

NOTE C: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers.

Transfers to Waterline Construction Fund from:

General Fund \$ 175,000

Transfers to nonmajor governmental fund from: General Fund

\$ 10,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE C: INTERFUND TRANSFERS - CONTINUED

Transfers to Sewer Fund from: Sewer Connection Fund

<u>79.088</u>

Transfer to Water Fund from: Waterline Construction Fund

59,925

NOTE D: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

Governmental activities

Governmental activities	Balance <u>Jan. 1, 2007</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance Dec. 31, 2007
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 120,071	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 120,071
Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure for sewer and waterline Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Equipment and furniture	1,605,086 225,446 496,742 95,067 210,715	- - - -	- - - -	1,605,086 225,446 496,742 95,067 210,715
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,633,056	-0-	-0-	2,633,056
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure for sewer and waterline Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Equipment and furniture	(140,046) (191,483) (246,939) (32,905) (153,934)	(40,128) (6,232) (12,419) (5,810) (18,356)	- - - -	(180,174) (197,715) (259,358) (38,715) (172,290)
Total accumulated depreciation	(765,307)	(82,945)		<u>(848,252</u>)
Net capital assets being depreciated	1,867,749	(82,945)	0-	1,784,804
Net capital assets - governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,987,820</u>	<u>\$(82,945</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,904,875</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to the	e following govern	mental activities:		
General governmen	t		\$ 24,109	

General government Public works	\$ ——	24,109 58,836
Total depreciation expense	\$	82,945

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE D: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-type activities

	Balance <u>Jan. 1, 2007</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>Dec. 31, 2007</u>		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,232		
Capital assets being depreciated Sewer system Water system	5,561,478 4,379,901	<u>-</u>	- -	5,561,478 4,379,901		
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,941,379	-0-	-0-	9,941,379		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer system Water system	(2,665,633) (2,198,298)	(114,479) (108,301)		(2,780,112) (2,306,599)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,863,931)	(222,780)		<u>(5,086,711</u>)		
Net capital assets being depreciated	5,077,448	(222,780)	-0-	4,854,668		
Net capital assets - business-type activities	<u>\$ 5.078.680</u>	<u>\$(222,780</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4.855,900</u>		

NOTE E: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Township for the year ended December 31, 2007:

Governmental activities	Balance Jan. 1, 2007	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance Dec. 31, 2007	Amount Due Within One Year	
Bay County Road Commission Road improvement projects Installment Purchase Agreement -	\$ 53,565	\$ 267,610	\$ 275,586	\$ 45,589	\$ 45,589	
Underground waterline extension	329,738	-	29,210	300,528	30,793	
	383,303	267,610	304,796	346,117	76,382	
Business-type activities						
Bay County water supply system	430,000	-	35,000	395,000	35,000	
Water supply system extension Bay County West Side Regional	175,000	-	10,000	165,000	10,000	
Sewage Disposal System	504,128	-	252,064	252,064	252,064	
Williams-Monitor Bond	150,000		50,000	100,000	50,000	
	1,259,128	-0-	347,064	912,064	347,064	
	<u>\$ 1.642.431</u>	<u>\$ 267,610</u>	\$ 651,860	<u>\$ 1,258,181</u>	<u>\$ 423,446</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE E: LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term debt (including current portion) are presented below:

The Township has entered into a contract with the Bay County Road Commission to provide for the maintenance and improvements to various roads in the Township. Amounts are due through December 2008.	\$	45,589
\$500,000 Installment Purchase Agreement, due in annual installments of \$47,598, including interest, through April 1, 2015, payable annually, for underground waterline extension.		300,528
\$920,000 Bay County Water Supply System Bonds, Series 1978, dated May 1, 1978, due in annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$40,000 through May 1, 2017, with interest at 5.0 percent, payable semi-annually.		395,000
\$305,000 1980 Bay County Water Supply System Revenue Bonds dated January 1, 1982, due in annual installments ranging from \$10,000 to \$20,000 through January 1, 2020, with interest at 5.0 percent, payable semi-annually.		165,000
\$28,000,000 Bay County West Side Regional Sewage Disposal System Bonds (Township share \$4,411,120), dated November 1, 1978, Township share due in an annual installment of \$252,064 on May 1, 2008, with interest at 5.50 percent, payable semi-annually.		252,064
\$650,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bay County Water Supply System Bonds, Series 1990, dated May 1, 1990, due in annual installments of \$50,000 on May 1, 2009, with interest of 7.30 percent, payable semi-annually.	_	100,000
	<u>\$</u>	1.258,181

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the bonds, contracts, and installment purchase agreements are as follows:

Road <u>Commission Contract</u>			lment A <u>qreement</u>	Water and Sewer Bonds		
Year Ending December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2008	\$ 45,589	\$ -	\$ 30,793	\$ 16,805	\$ 347,064	\$ 39,532
2009	-	-	32,556	15,042	100,000	26,575
2010	-	-	34,371	13,227	50,000	22,250
2011	-	-	36,288	11,310	50,000	19,750
2012	-	-	38,286	9,312	50,000	17,250
2012-2016	-	-	128,234	14,560	270,000	44,500
2017-2021					<u>45,000</u>	2,750
	<u>\$ 45,589</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 300,528	<u>\$ 80,256</u>	<u>\$ 912,064</u>	<u>\$ 174,607</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE F: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Township has a single employer defined contribution pension plan administered by John Hancock, covering substantially all full and part-time employees except volunteer firemen and seasonal employees. The Township contributes 100% of the premiums for each participant at a rate of 15% of gross wages. Total payroll for the year ending December 31, 2007, was approximately \$312,781. The Township's policy is to fund pension costs on an annual basis. Employer contributions for the year were approximately \$45,634. Benefits attributable to employer contributions are 100% vested. The pension, as established, does not recognize prior service costs as it is based exclusively on current compensation earned by participants.

NOTE G: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township participates in a pool, the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund, with other municipalities for workers' compensation losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 317 of 1969, as amended. In the event the pool's claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The Township has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

The Township also participates in a pool, the Michigan Township Participating Plan with other municipalities for various risks of loss including employer's liability, errors and omissions, and property and casualty losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. In the event the pool's claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The Township has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

NOTE H: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Approximately 33% of the property tax revenue is generated by property taxes levied on a single organization, Dow Corning. Any reductions in this revenue could have a significant impact on the Williams Charter Township's operations.

NOTE I: EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

In the body of the required supplementary information, the Township's budgeted expenditures in the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund have been shown at the functional classification level. The Township's budgeted expenditures for the nonmajor Special Revenue Fund are not required to be reported in the financial statements. The approved budgets of the Township have been adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and the total expenditure level for the Special Revenue Funds.

During the year ended December 31, 2007 the Township incurred expenditures in the General Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Amounts <u>Appropriated</u>			Amounts Expended		<u>Variance</u>	
General Fund							
Public Works							
Department of Public Works	\$	274,300	\$	349,875	\$	75,575	
Other							
Retirement		48,000		48,652		652	

The variance noted in the public works function was caused by an audit adjustment after the end of the fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INF	ORMATION

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES		<u> </u>						<u></u> g	
Taxes									
Current property taxes	\$	775,000	\$	775,000	\$	785,395	\$	10,395	
Administration charges		80,900		80,900		82,539		1,639	
Penalties and interest	-	1,000		1,000	_	132		(868)	
Total taxes		856,900		856,900		868,066		11,166	
Licenses and permits									
Building and zoning permits		77,000		77,000		48,330		(28,670)	
Charter cable fees		30,000		30,000		37,415		7,415	
State liquor inspection		800		800		937		137	
Fire pit permits		100		100		140		40	
Right of way fees		8,000	_	8,000	_	8,680		680	
Total licenses and permits		115,900		115,900		95,502		(20,398)	
Intergovernmental									
State shared revenue		310,000		310,000		310,325		325	
Charges for services									
Planning commission		3,000		3,000		2,125		(875)	
Mobile home fees		1,000		1,000		1,012		12	
Fire department custodial fees		1,500		1,500		975		(525)	
Passport fees		3,000		3,000		9,060		6,060	
Land division fee		500		500		800		300	
Grave opening and lot sales		4,500		4,500		3,751		(749)	
Bulk water sales		1,500		1,500		1,920		420	
Other		150		150	_	125		(25)	
Total charges for services		15,150		15,150		19,768		4,618	
Interest and rents									
Interest		30,000		30,000		63,806		33,806	
Rental fees		7,800		7,800		7,350		(450)	
Total interest and rents		37,800		37,800		71,156		33,356	

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Or	iginal		Final	Actual	-	egative)
REVENUES - CONTINUED Other		iginai			riotagi		cgalive)
Reimbursements	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$ 4,244	\$	(256)
Subdivision retention		3,500		3,500	3,534		34
Donations		-		-	3,890		3,890
Street lighting assessments		10,600		10,600	 10,657		57
Total other		18,600		18,600	 22,325		3,725
TOTAL REVENUES	1,3	354,350		1,354,350	1,387,142		32,792
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Township board		78,200		78,200	69,540		8,660
Supervisor		40,600		40,600	39,959		641
Clerk		59,600		59,600	57,164		2,436
Elections		4,000		4,000	2,868		1,132
Assessor		50,700		52,700	48,050		4,650
Treasurer		61,400		61,400	59,521		1,879
Board of Review		1,400		1,400	1,181		219
Cemetery		9,350		9,350	6,311		3,039
Building and grounds		3,000		3,000	2,896		104
Financial and tax administration		10,900		10,900	10,900		-0-
Total general government	3	319,150		321,150	298,390		22,760
Public safety							
Police department	-	175,000		180,000	176,536		3,464
Fire department	1	147,600		147,600	145,805		1,795
Inspection department		94,450		94,450	 76,685		17,765
Total public safety	4	117,050		422,050	399,026		23,024
Public works							
Department of public works	2	297,300		274,300	349,875		(75,575)
Community and economic development							
Building and zoning		7,450		7,450	3,345		4,105
Planning department		42,300		42,300	25,667		16,633
Other		3,500		3,500	 2,500		1,000
Total community and							
economic development		53,250		53,250	31,512		21,738
Recreation and cultural							
Parks and recreation		34,600		34,600	33,054		1,546

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

Year Ended December 31, 2007.

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	(Original		Final		Actual		Vegative)
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Other								<u>g</u>
Insurance and bonds	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	34,539	\$	5,461
Risk management		1,500		1,500		927		573
FICA expense		30,000		30,000		23,927		6,073
Dental insurance		8,500		8,500		7,096		1,404
Medical insurance		55,000		55,000		53,297		1,703
Retirement		48,000		48,000		48,652		(652)
Total other		183,000		183,000		168,438		14,562
Debt service		260,000		276,000		274,901		1,099
Capital outlay		105,000		105,000		21,486		83,514
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,669,350		1,669,350		1,576,682		92,668
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(315,000)		(315,000)		(189,540)		125,460
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						267,610		(267,610)
Installment agreement Transfers out		(185,000)		(185,000)		(185,000)		-0-
Hansiers out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(185,000)		(185,000)		82,610		(267,610)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(500,000)		(500,000)		(106,930)		(142,150)
Fund balance, beginning of year		689,059		689,059		689,059		-0-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	189,059	\$	189,059	_\$_	582,129	\$	(142,150)

Garbage Collection Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		egative)
REVENUES Charges for services Interest and rents Other	\$	217,600 2,000 100	\$	217,600 2,000 100	\$	217,977 5,636 211	\$	377 3,636 111
TOTAL REVENUES		219,700		219,700		223,824		4,124
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public works		264,700	··,	264,700		219,040		45,660
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(45,000)		(45,000)		4,784		49,784
Fund balance, beginning of year		34,560		34,560		34,560		-0-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$_	(10,440)	\$	(10,440)	\$_	39,344	\$	49,784

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMAT	TION

General Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - CONSTRUCTION CODE

Year Ended December 31, 2007

REVENUES Licenses and permits	
Building and zoning permits	\$ 48,330
EXPENDITURES	
Public safety	
Inspection department	76,685
Community and economic development	
Building and zoning	3,345
Planning department	 25,667
Total construction code expenditures	 105,697
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	\$ (57,367)

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS

Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Date Acquired	Cost	Useful Life	Current Year Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	
Land					-		l
Township hall land	1968	\$ 43,319		+	ا چ	\$ 43,319	თ
Park land							
Land	1983	35,000		1	1	35,000	0
Additional purchases (Beane property 1988, 1989, 1990, & 1991)	Various	17,406		•	,	17,406	9
Additional purchase (Lauer property)	1986	12,596		1	•	12,59	စ္
Water tower land	2002	11,750	_1			11,750	ွှု
Total Land		120,071		o [,]	-0-	120,071	.
Land Improvements							
Front parking lot	2002	30,960	15	2,064	12,384	18,576	9
Park - land improvements							
Fencing	1987	7,942	•	1	7,942	o	4
Park improvements	1987	110,366	•	٠	110,366	o o	۲
Park improvements	1994	55,723		3,715	52,009	3,714	4
Park improvements	1988	13,655	15	•	13,655	o o	۲
Rear parking lot drainage improvement	4/15/2005	6,800	- - - - - - - -	453	1,359	5,441	-
Total Land Improvements		225,446		6,232	197,715	27,731	.
Buildings Township hall	1968	202 768	40	5 069	197 698	5.070	c
DPW building	1990	63,862		1,597	27,143	36,719	ത
Water tower	2002	230,112	4	5,753	34,517	195,595	က္ခ
Total Buildings		496,742		12,419	259,358	237,384	4

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Date		Useful	Current Year	Accumulated	Z	Net Book
	Acquired	Cost	Life	Depreciation	Depreciation		Value
Building Improvements DPW addition	2001	76,227	<u>د</u>	\$ 1.748	\$ 12,238	69	13.989
Zoning office (construction and carpet costs)	2001		5			٠	3,472
Sign	2001	6,290	15	419	2,934		3,356
Carpet	2002	5,667	15	378	2,267		3,400
Treasurer's office electrical	2002	11,000	15	733	4,399		6,601
Ceiling tile replacement	2002	000'9	5	400	2,400		3,600
Treasurer's office	11/1/2002	8,278	15	552	2,852		5,426
Cemetery improvements	Varions	5,032	15	1	5,032		þ
Window/door installation	6/29/2004	8,663	15	578	2,023		6,640
Rear parking lot drainage improvement / catch basin	6/27/2005	6,800	15	453	1,359		5,441
Eave troughs on Township hall and office	8/6/2006	4,600	40	115	173		4,427
Total Building Improvements		95,067		5,810	38,715		56,352
Furniture and Equipment DPW equipment							
Bandit model 150 chipper	6/9/1999	14,000	7	ı	14,000		þ
Kubota B2910 tractor w/ loader and backhoe	7/11/2000	23,000	7	1,642	23,000		ģ
Kubota F2100E-1 tractor w/ RC-72B front mount mower	9/12/1995	10,995	7	•	10,995		¢
	9/8/1993	9,300	7	1	9,300		¢
1995 GMC Topkick w/ 14' flatbed and hoist	4/1/2001	16,000	7	2,286	15,429		571
Hydralift trailer with brake	6/27/1905	4,165	7	595	1,785		2,380
2006 Ford F250 4X4 w/ bed liner, nerf bars & cab protector	11/1/2005	23,398	5	4,680	11,700		11,698
2005 John Deere GX255 tractor and mowing deck	5/11/2006	4,878	12	407	610		4,268
		105,736		9,610	86,819		18,917

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Date Acquired	Cost	Useful Life	Current Year Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation		Net Book Value
Furniture and Equipment - continued General government furniture and equipment							
Zoning office	2001	\$ 6,650	7	\$ 950	\$ 6,650	↔	¢
Sharp model AR-350N copier/scanner/fax/network printer	4/1/2003	10,314	7	1,473	6,998		3,316
Treasurer's office	2002	9,984	7	1,426	8,557		1,427
Board room	2002	4,800	7	989	4,116		684
Supervisor's office	2003	5,600	7	800	4,000		1,600
Clerk's office	2003	8,027	7	1,147	5,734		2,293
Ballot marking equipment	6/21/2006	13,584	9	2,264	3,396	Ì	10,188
		58,959		8,746	39,451	•	19,508
Park equipment	1995	46,020	۲.		46,020		٠
Total Furniture and Equipment		210,715		18,356	172,290	• •	38,425
Infrastructure							
Waterline project - Townline Road from 8 Mile Road	1/26/2000	41,190	40	1,030	8,239	• •	32,951
Waterline project - Garfield Road	6/21/2001	533,109	40	13,328	86,631	4	446,478
Sanitary Sewer - Flajole Road	9/10/2002	168,541	40	4,214	22,474	7	146,067
Waterline project - Nine Mile	10/25/2002	112,500	40	2,813	14,533	0,	97,967
Waterline project - Garfield Road	3/15/2004	297,615	40	7,440	28,520	5	269,095
Waterline project - Hotchkiss Road and Salzburg Road	11/18/2005	112,882	4	2,822	7,055	ĭ	105,827
Waterline project - Garfield Road	9/13/2006	127,257	4	3,181	4,772	ï	122,485
Waterline project - Wheeler Raod	9/27/2006	120,317	4	3,008	4,512	÷	115,805
Waterline project - 8 Fire Hydrants	10/23/2006	25,200	4	630	945	•	24,255
Waterline project - Townline Road	12/8/2006	66,475	40	1,662	2,493		63,982
Total Infrastructure	ı	1,605,086		40,128	180,174	1,42	1,424,912
TOTAL	ااد	\$2,753,127		\$ 82,945	\$ 848,252	\$ 1,90	\$1,904,875

Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Trustees Williams Charter Township Auburn, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each governmental major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williams Charter Township, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which with the financial statements of the business-type activities and proprietary major funds collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Williams Charter Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls. We identified the following control deficiencies that we consider be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting:

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Responsibility for the financial statements of the Township rests with the Township's' management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal accounting records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related note disclosures (i.e., external financial reporting).

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

It has historically been common for many small to medium-sized governments to rely on the independent auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements, as well as the related notes to the financial statements, as part of its external financial reporting process. As a result, a government's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP has typically been based, in part, on its reliance on the independent auditors. By definition, independent auditors cannot be part of the government's internal controls.

The condition noted in the preceding paragraph exists at Williams Charter Township. The cause for this condition is simply because it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the independent auditors than to incur the time and expense of having the employees and/or management obtain the necessary training and expertise required to perform this task internally.

Statement on Auditing Standards No. 112 titled "Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit", requires us to communicate when a client requires assistance in the preparation of financial statements and the related footnotes that are required in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We are communicating these circumstances as required by professional standards; however, we do not see a need for any changes in the situation at this time.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a material weakness:

MATERIAL JOURNAL ENTRIES PROPOSED BY AUDITORS

Material journal entries were proposed by the auditors. These misstatements were not detected by the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Statement on Auditing Standards No. 112 (SAS 112), Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, emphasizes that management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows (when applicable), including the notes to financial statements, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The auditor cannot be a part of internal controls.

Material journal entries for the adjustment of accounts receivable, and deferred revenue were proposed by the auditors. These misstatements were not detected by the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Through the identification of material journal entries that were not otherwise identified by management, the auditors are effectively part of the Township's internal controls.

We recommend that the Township take steps to ensure that material journal entries are not necessary at the time future audit analysis is performed.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed the following instance of noncompliance:

BUDGETS

As noted in the financial statements, some of the activities and funds of the Township exceeded the amounts appropriated. The variances noted were in the General Fund. The variance noted in the Public Works functions was caused by an audit adjustment after the end of the fiscal year.

It was also noted that the Township budgeted for a deficit in the Garbage Fund. This was caused by the Township budgeting for a beginning fund balance of \$45,000, when after previous audit adjustments, their beginning fund balance was actually \$34,560.

BUDGETS - CONTINUED

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that the Township adopt formal budgets for all applicable General and Special Revenue Funds, and shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. Also, the Public Act requires amendments to be performed prior to incurring additional expenditures.

We recommend the Township monitor expenditures against adopted budgets and make appropriate budget amendments as needed.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and Members of the Board of Trustees of Williams Charter Township, others within the organization, and applicable departments of the State of Michigan and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Olnoham & Dollney, P.C.

May 16, 2008